

**Cascade Co. FSA Office**  
**406-727-7580**

#### **County Committee Members**

Loretta Standley, Chairperson  
Carl R Mehmke, Vice Chairperson.  
Craig Essebaggers, Member

#### **FSA Office Personnel**

Janet Smith, FLM.  
Nancy Fulton, FLPT.  
Heather Boberg, PT.  
Sharon Good, PT.  
Scott Hitchcock, PT.  
Jill Lorang, PT.  
Nicole Pietrykowski, PT.  
Dean Hodges, Fieldman  
Mark G. Person, CED.

#### **Dates to Remember:**

**April 15<sup>th</sup>** -NAP Pull-Off Date

**May 5** – Dairy Disaster Assistance  
Program III sign up ends

**May 15-Aug. 1** – Primary nesting  
season

**June 2** – Final loan/LDP  
availability date for Corn, Dry  
peas, Grain sorghum, Lentils,  
Mustard seed, Safflower seed,  
Small chickpeas, Soybeans, and  
Sunflower seed harvested in 2007

**July 15** – Acreage Reporting  
Deadline

**July 15** – 2007 production for NAP  
APH deadline

**July 15** – 2007 NAP application  
for payment deadline

**Notice of Loss** – must be filed  
within 15 calendars after the date  
of the disaster occurrence or date  
damage was apparent

**September 30 – October 1** –  
Women Stepping Forward for  
Agriculture, Billings



# **Cascade County FSA**

## **April 2008**

### **Public Comment Available on CRP Managed Haying and Grazing**

FSA is accepting public comment on proposed changes to allowable frequencies of managed haying and grazing on CRP acres and changes to primary nesting season dates, during which managed haying and grazing is not permitted.

The proposed changes, if adopted, would apply to those lands enrolled in CRP after September 25, 2006 and existing CRP contracts where managed haying and grazing was not authorized prior to that date. For such lands in Montana, current managed haying and grazing frequencies are once in ten years for managed haying and once in five years for managed grazing. The primary nesting season is from May 15 – August 1. Montana's FSA State Committee determined that changes to the current program provisions were warranted. The proposed changes are to allow managed haying once in five years and managed grazing once in three years. The proposed primary nesting season dates are May 15 – July 15. The public now has the opportunity to comment on whether the proposed changes would be beneficial to wildlife and wildlife habitats on CRP acres in Montana.

Comments received will be considered for a state-specific environmental assessment that will evaluate the affects of the proposed changes in Montana. Comments must be received by close of business on **April 19, 2008**. Comments may be mailed to: MHG EAs, Geo-Marine Incorporated, 2713 Magruder Blvd., Suite D, Hampton, VA 23666-1572 or by logging on to <http://public.geo-marine.com>. Separate comments may be submitted for each area of concern which includes: proposed action, proposed alternatives, water quality, wetlands, floodplains, sole source aquifers, wild and scenic rivers, wildlife, vegetation, threatened and endangered species, socioeconomic resources, cultural resources, air quality, hazard waster materials, and soil quality. Comments are not limited to the above alternatives. Other alternatives may be suggested.

### Mixed Grain/Hay Loan LDP Eligibility

USDA does not establish loan rates for mixed commodities. A mixed commodity harvested as grain that does not meet grading standards is not eligible for a loan or Loan Deficiency Payment (LDP). A mixed commodity that is hayed or harvested as silage is not eligible for an LDP.

Eligibility for Grain/Oilseeds/Pulse Crops Harvested as **Grain** – If a mixed commodity is harvested as grain and a farm-stored loan or LDP is applied for, a sample of the harvested crop must be taken to a licensed Federal Grain Inspection Service (FGIS) laboratory for grading, at the producer's expense. Loan or LDP eligibility will be determined based on the results of the sample.

Eligibility for Grain/Oilseeds/Pulse Crops Harvested as **Other Than Grain** – If the mixed commodity is harvested as hay or silage, there is no test to determine the percentage of each commodity in the mixture to establish the grade and class. Therefore, crops planted in a mixture and hayed or harvested for silage are not eligible for an LDP.

A commodity planted as a nurse crop with alfalfa may be eligible for an LDP if a full seeding is planted and the commodity is reported as the intended use for grain or forage. The County Committee may require documentation to support the seeding rate.

### Change in Farming Operation

Producers are reminded to notify this office to report change in address or ownership. This may include land sales, entity changes, or other changes to your farming operation. This is vital to assist this office in keeping up-to-date records.

**Ending Date for Disaster Signup** An ending signup date for the Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP), Livestock Compensation Program (LCP), and the Crop Disaster Program (CDP) has currently not been set. Please contact the office or logon to the Montana FSA website at [www.fsa.usda.gov/mt](http://www.fsa.usda.gov/mt) for eligibility requirements.

### Conservation Compliance

Federal regulations discourage the production of crops on highly erodible cropland unless the land is protected from erosion by an approved conservation system. Status reviews are conducted to ensure producers follow a conservation plan on highly erodible land.

In addition to the highly erodible land, a person may not plant an agricultural commodity on wetlands converted after Dec. 23, 1985, or convert a wetland to make agricultural production possible after Nov. 28, 1990.

Failure to comply with these provisions will cause a person to be ineligible for USDA benefits. County Committees may review noncompliance situations for good faith and provide relief in approved cases.

### 2008 Managed Grazing Periods

The Farm Service Agency State Committee has approved two 60-day managed grazing periods for Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres for 2008.

- Spring managed grazing can occur March 15<sup>th</sup> – May 14<sup>th</sup>
- Summer managed grazing can occur July 16<sup>th</sup> through September 13<sup>th</sup>

Since only two grazing periods are allowed, producers who can not begin grazing until August 2<sup>nd</sup> will only be allowed to graze through September 13<sup>th</sup>.

### Dairy Disaster Assistance Program Signup Resumed

The Farm Service Agency (FSA) resumed signup for the Dairy Disaster Assistance Program (DDAP) III on March 5, 2008.

Eligible dairy producers who suffered production losses in 2005, 2006, or 2007 may apply to receive benefits until May 5, 2008 when sign up ends. Production losses must have occurred between Jan. 1, 2005, and Dec. 31, 2007 due to natural disasters.

Contact the local FSA office for detailed eligibility requirements.

## How Safe is Your Water Well?

Private water well owners have a responsibility to protect ground water from contamination and ensure their water system is providing good quality drinking water. Conducting an annual well check-up should be taken to ensure the proper operation of your well. A check-up will allow you to monitor water quality and extend the life of your system.

As a minimum, test your water annually for coliform bacteria and nitrates. Tests can also be conducted for contaminants specific to your area. Your water should be tested if there is a change in the water's taste, odor, or appearance; after the well system is serviced; or after a flooding event.

Inspect the well parts to ensure they are in good repair. The well should have a two-part cap with a rubber seal, if it does not, the cap should be replaced. Inspect your pressure tank and associated plumbing.

Check the area around the well for hazardous materials such as paint, cleaning supplies, motor oil, and pet waste. Never dump hazardous materials on your property or pour them down the drain. Dispose of old or unwanted prescription drugs and other medications by removing them from their original containers, mix them with coffee grounds or kitty litter, put them into another container, and throw them into the trash. Although these are the best disposal methods now, they are not ideal. Some local pharmacies have unwanted drug take back programs.

Information on collecting samples can be provided by your water quality district, county sanitarian, or the Montana Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). You may also contact Taylor Greenup, Montana Watershed Coordination Council at 406/444-3527 or DEQ's Source Water Protection Program at 406/444-1595 or by logging on to <http://deq.mt.gov/wqinfo/swp>.

## Wind Turbines or Oil/Gas Leases

If you have mortgaged your land to FSA approval is required prior to entering into wind turbines or oil/gas leases or development. Failure to obtain prior agency approval could result in loan default. Please check with the office if you are considering any of these options.

## Source Water Protection Program

The value of a clean drinking water supply cannot be overestimated. Source water used by communities to provide drinking water can be obtained from streams, rivers, lakes, springs or underground aquifers. Activities nearby, upstream or within a watershed of these types of source waters can pose a threat to the quality of the water. Ensuring these untreated source waters are protected from contamination can reduce the costs of treatment and risks to public health.

The Source Water Protection Program is a program to assist rural and small communities served by public water systems to reduce or eliminate the potential risks to drinking water supplies. The Montana Rural Water Systems will be working with communities to develop a source water protection plan that can be effectively and economically accomplished within each community. Protection of source waters requires an investigation of the issues and a response that creates a system of management. Protection measures are practices to prevent contamination and form the first barrier to drinking water protection.

For further information regarding the project, contact Kristi Kline 406/454-1151 or [www.mrws.org](http://www.mrws.org).

## Cascade County FSA Office

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#### *Important Dates to Remember*

**NAP Pull-Off Date – April 15th**  
**May 15-Aug. 1 – Primary nesting season**  
**June 2 – Final loan/LDP availability date for various crops harvested in 2007**  
**July 15 – Acreage Reporting Deadline**  
**Sept. 30 – Oct. 1 – Women Stepping Forward for Agriculture Symposium, Billings**

### **Changes to Your Farming Operation**

To ensure a smooth transition when a new Farm Bill is passed, FSA is encouraging producers to notify us of any changes to your farming operation including land ownership or lease changes, entity changes including members and shares, and who is authorized to sign documents for the operation or individuals. It is anticipated there will be policy changes and new forms to complete when new programs are implemented. Details will be published in this newsletter as they are known.

The Improper Payments Information Act of 2002 (IPEA) implemented stronger internal controls and reviews of payments issued. **The FSA database of payments issued will be compared against the Social Security Administration (SSA) database of deceased individuals.** It is very important that FSA be notified of the death of a landowner, member of an entity, or anyone that may be earning USDA benefits. There are actions that can be taken to ensure payments are issued correctly and not considered an overpayment. Contact your local office for more information.